

Death Of Old H.K. Resident

His many European and Chinese friends will be shocked to learn of the sudden death of Mr. Samuel Green which occurred at 7 a.m. yesterday at his home, 12 Observatory Road.

The late Mr. Green was born in Swatow 60 years ago, and was educated at the Thomas Hambury School, Shanghai. After working for some years in the Chinese Post Office, Mr. Green came to Hong Kong in 1906 to join his brother-in-law, the late Mr. George Bunker, in the West River shipping business, later transferring to Bunker & Co.

From 1926 to 1941, he was connected with the Hong Kong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd., first with the Tourist Department, then the Catering who for some time manager of the Peninsula Hotel Stores, and then with the Hong Kong Hotel Garage at Stubbs Road.

On his return from leave after his release from internment, Mr. Green joined the Union Trading Co. Ltd., and was with that firm until his death.

A very keen tennis player, he was for many years Kowloon Cricket Club champion. He won the Colony Championship in 1915, 1916 and 1917. He was also a "Life Member" of the Kowloon Cricket Club and an energetic supporter of St. Andrews' Church.

The very large attendance at his funeral at the Colony Cemetery yesterday afternoon (conducted by Rev. J. H. Ogilvie, OBE, MA), and the numerous floral tributes sent attest to the popularity of the deceased.

Mr. Green is survived by his widow, his son and daughter-in-law (Mr. and Mrs. D. Green), and three grand children.

Artist Jailed On Perversion Charges

Atlanta, June 15. French artist Paul Reffoule was today jailed on perversion charges. Lie-detection expert C. J. Goltz said he believed Reffoule lied when quizzed about his wife's murder.

Reffoule was booked on a solo charge after allegedly confessing to participation in sexual orgies, giving a month-old murder mystery a lurid turn that shocked Atlanta's fashionables.

Goltz said the indicator needle on the lie detection machine trembled noticeably when Reffoule was asked about wife Peggy's strangulation during a lengthy grilling. He said the needle should stand still when questions are answered truthfully.—United Press.

The General Has The Right Viewpoint

Pasadena, Cal., June 14. In a dry river bed north of here, California Institute of Technology scientists are erecting a laboratory that may be the cradle of dreaded "push-button," faster-than-sound, guided missile warfare.

Actually the laboratory is a new \$8,000,000 supersonic wind tunnel at the jet propulsion laboratory in Arroyo Seco. There the effects of airflow around objects "travelling" at supersonic speeds will be studied.

Dr. Lee A. DuBridge, president of California Tech, said the new project is merely "extending basic research into the supersonic realm".

Major Gen. Everett Hughes, head of the U.S. Army Ordnance Bureau, went farther, saying that the army intends to study results in a new wind tunnel before planning a programme of guided-missile warfare."

Allen Puckett, 27-year-old designer of the new supersonic tunnel, estimated that 100,000 cubic feet of air per minute could be pumped through a "narrow venturi passage to pro-

SINKIANG INCIDENT ENDS? Frontier War Over, Militarily Speaking

No Replies Yet To China's Protests

Nanking, June 15. After four days and four nights of fighting in Sinkiang, the Outer Mongolian cavalry forces attacking Peitashan withdrew on June 8, according to a Central News dispatch received here today. This indicates that the North-West frontier incident has come to an end militarily.

The Central News report that after the initial bombing of Peitashan, radio communication with the town was impossible. The full report, received from the military officers who were despatched to the scene of conflict reached capital, only yesterday.

Meanwhile, in Nanking, the semi-official Central Daily News reported that the trip of the Minister of National Defence, General Pai Chung-hsi, to Sinkiang has been cancelled.

According to this report, one Outer Mongolian battalion began attacking Peitashan at noon, June 5. Air cover was supplied by five planes bearing the Soviet insignia. Instead of four planes as originally reported.

Government resistance was directed by General Ma Si-chien, commander of a company of the Seventh Cavalry Brigade.

The Mongolians were said to outnumber the Chinese garrison by three to one.

During the next four days and nights of fighting, Peita-

FORCES OF REACTION

Prague, June 15. The General Council of the World Federation of Trade Unions recorded a belief in its closing session here that "forces of reaction are on the offensive throughout the world".

It named Greece, China, Brazil and Persia as countries where there had been "reactionary advances".—Reuter.

(See also Page 3)

shian changed hands several times, but the Mongolians were forced to withdraw on June 8.

Peitashan Held

Central News says that Peitashan is now indisputably held by Government troops, who are keeping themselves in readiness to meet any further attacks.

Though the report from Tibwa is not definite on the point, it indicates that from the military point of view the Peitashan incident has come to an end, at least temporarily.

The Chinese forces claim 30 Outer Mongolian killed, including one officer. Equipment captured included one artillery piece, three light machineguns, more than 10 rifles, one radio and several documents and maps.

General Sung Hsi-lien, the Sinkiang garrison commander,

Big Three Confab Wanted

London, June 15. The "New Commonwealth Society," which is headed by Mr. Churchill, has asked the Premier to arrange an early meeting with President Truman, Marshal Stalin and himself to work out a plan for atomic control.

The Society, of which Mr. Clement Attlee is a member himself and leader, is a non-partisan organization set up several years ago for the purpose of studying wars and campaigning to prevent them. Its major goal has been the creation of an International Police Force.

Noting that the UNO Atomic Commission's discussions over the principles of atomic control, the Society, in a letter made public on Saturday, said:

"We suggest that the highest level can be reached by a meeting at the highest level only can the new approach be made which is necessary for the solution of this problem within the time available."

Mr. Attlee's attitude toward the proposal for a Big Three meeting could not be learned immediately.

Since the Security Council and the Foreign Ministers' Council replaced the wartime Big Three, meetings as media for big power negotiations, however, the Government has been cool toward suggestions for new conferences among the heads of the big nations.—Associated Press.

"It should enable someone to get some place in a hell of a hurry," Gen. Hughes commented, "but why anybody wants to get Tokyo in half an hour, I don't know."—United Press.

LISBON PURGE

Lisbon, June 15. The Portuguese announced today that secret files had been found disclosing a revolutionary conspiracy and that 13 army and navy officers and 14 university professors would be purged as a result.

The communiqué, issued

after a Cabinet meeting, said

the secret files disclosed

names of persons connected

with the conspiracy and the

Government said it is deter-

mined to eliminate "profes-

sional revolutionaries" from

the military and civil services.

—Associated Press.

MARITIME STRIKE IN OFFING

New York, June 15. The negotiations between the CIO National Maritime Union and representatives of East Coast and Gulf shipowners broke down today, increasing the possibility of a nationwide shipping tie up.

The meeting between operators

and NMU recessed at 3 p.m. for 6

p.m. Ten minutes after it resumed,

Joseph Curran, President of the

Union, stormed out and announced

a breakdown in negotiations.

Curran charged that ship opera-

tors were "cocky because of the

current status of the Taft-Hartley

labor bill and have decided to

lock out NMU."

He hedged when asked whe-

ther there would be a direct strike

call, but said: "As matters stand

now, as of June 15 there is no

contract."

The National Maritime Union, with 90,000 members, is the largest of the five CIO maritime unions whose contracts with shipowners expire at midnight on Sunday. Although two unions have reached agreements with operators to extend their contracts, they stipulated the agreements would be cancelled if any other unions failed to reach terms with shipowners.

Thus the deadlock in the negotia-

tions between NMU and East

Gulf coast operators fore-

shadows a strike of 200,000 CIO

maritime workers which would

paralyze shipping in every port

of the nation. One of the unions involved is Harry Bridge's West Coast International Longshoremen's Union.—Reuter.

Her speech brought Congress

Party leader Pandit Nehru to

the floor, and for one hour he

traced the history of develop-

ments, emphasising that the

June 3 plan was evolved from

consultations with the com-

mittee.

Sardar Patel followed Nehru

and he urged Socialists and

Communists not to worry about

the division of the country but

to keep united within Hindustan

and to contribute to making

India strong and great and

the people prosperous.

The Opposition vote included

Socialists, Forward Blocists

and orthodox members of the

Congress Party, who are

strongly about the division of

India.

The resolution will be for-

warded to the Viceroy. It is

learned that Lord Mountbatten

has already received from Dr.

Mohammed Ali Jinnah notification

of the Moslem League's

acceptance of the plan, as au-

thorized by the Moslem League

Council, on June 9.—United

Press.

get a background of the situa-

tion." His last visit to Palestine

was as a tourist 23 years ago.

During the 130-mile road

journey from Lydda to Jeru-

salem, Sir Henry Gurney pointed

out to him features of the land-

scape.

The first bomb-shattered build-

ings he saw in Jerusalem were

the gaping ruins of the Officers

Club, where a terrorist explosion

killed ten people.—Reuter.

Another U.S. Air Disaster

Springfield, Vermont, June 15. Eight persons were killed when a United States Army "Superfortress" crashed into the side of Hawks Mountains near here in a driving rainstorm early today.

It is believed that this was the total number in the aircraft, which was on a training flight.

Reuter.

50 Dead

Leesburg, June 15. Weary searchers reached the wreckage of the four-engined Pennsylvania Central Airline today and established that all 50 persons aboard were killed when the plane rammed into the side of the 1,639-foot Blue Ridge Mountain peak during a driving rainstorm on Friday night.

This is the second worst commercial air disaster in United States history. Bodies of

the plane were scattered over a wide area. The wreckage was sighted from the air at dawn but the search parties reached it only after long hours of slogging through rain and mud and tangled underbrush up the rugged hillside.

Airline officials said that a mile and a half of road must be cut up to the mountain before the bodies can be brought out. The work of cutting through the thick underbrush has already begun.

The search parties tried half a dozen different approaches up the mountainside in their seven-hour hunt for the wreckage plane.

A fog rolled down the mountain, enveloping them. They maintained contact by yell and shouts. Finally one group of PCA and Red Cross officials, who had ridden part of the way in a jeep but abandoned it two miles back, was led to the scene by a Piper Cub plane.

The rescuers carried stretchers and first aid equipment. They laid them aside as the first grim view of the disaster told them that no first aid would be needed.

All 50 bodies were found after a short search. The whole area was charred, indicating a terrific explosion. The tall section of the plane was on the Virginia side of the mountain and the fuselage on the West Virginia side. Bits of the wreckage were wedged into the mountain side.—United Press.

Today's Events

June 16—IRKA & Whampoa Do-annual meeting, noon.

Coming Event

June 26—Dairy Farm, Ice & Co. Storage Co. Ltd. annual meeting, 11 a.m.

June 26—Sandakan Light Power Co. (1922) Ltd. annual meeting, noon.

June 27—Indo-China S.N. C. Ltd. annual general meeting, noon.

July 11—Peak Tramways annual meeting, noon.

Wedding

Garcia-Da Silva

A wedding was solemnised at St. Margaret's Church yesterday afternoon when the leading Portuguese families were united.

The happy couple were Mr. Hilary Mary Garcia, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Garcia, and Mr. Bernard N. da Silva, son of Mrs. C. M. G. da Silva and the late Mr. Silva.

The bride, gaudily dressed and attended by eight bridesmaids dressed in pink and blue, was given away by her father. The groomsmen were Mr. J. L. Boyes and Mr. F. M. Garcia, Fr. C. Speziali officiated.

After the church ceremony the bridal party repaired to the Gloucester Hotel, where a reception was held for over 200 guests and relatives.

The honeymoon is being spent at Repulse Bay.

Meetings

The next meeting of the Simon British Club will take place at St. John's Cathedral Hall at 5 p.m. on Wednesday, June 18. The speaker will be Mr. K. M. A. Barnett, who will speak on "The Lam Shau Kingdom & South Chinese Civilization."

Mr. Barnett of the Colonial Secretariat is a well-known scholar and authority on Chinese history.

The Rotary Club of Hong Kong will meet tomorrow at 12.30 p.m. at the Gloucester Hotel. Mr. W. J. Liddle will speak on "Nepal, the Land of the Gurkhas."

Engaged

The engagement of Miss Margaret Mary Row to Mr. Edward Hugo Cruz of the Harbour Office was announced on Saturday.

Y.M.C.A. CHIEF RESIGNING

Frankfurt, June 14. Mr. John R. Mott, 82-year-old President of the Young Men's Christian Association World Organisation, told a meeting in Nuremberg today that he would resign from his post at the World Conference of the Y.M.C.A. in Scotland next month. Mr. Mott is a native of New York.—Reuter.

Sir.—Apropos "Indigent's" letter on the subject of ZBW newsannouncements, the whole answer to his dispute is contained in his own letter, when he writes that he is not "au fait with preceding conditions in our local BBC."

If and when Hong Kong is prepared to allot a little more money to radio broadcasting than it is at the moment, the station may be able to afford announcements of BBC calibre. Considering the small amount allocated to the station for salaries, fees, upkeep, etc., I who am slightly more au fait with "our local BBC"—feel that those responsible for ZBW are doing a very fine job.

There is an old saying about the people having the sort of Government they deserve. That goes for radio stations, too! In Hong Kong, which is moribund artistically and musically, the people have a far better radio station than Shanghai ever had, and that includes when used to be my favourite station, XMHA, too, and my old friend Carroll Abbott.

EX-SHANGHAI.

ANOTHER GRUMBLE

Moscow, June 14. The Soviet newspaper Izvestia today accused American clerks of trying to "exploit" the Tokyo trial of Japanese War Criminals for purposes of their foreign policy.

In an article by Viktor Kydryavtsev, the paper said the defence at the trials opened by defending Japanese imperialism, and alleging the existence of a threat to Japan by three five-year plans. Japanese circles are quite willing to revive aggressive militarism even if it means the conversion of Japan into a gendarme for another power in the Far East," the paper concluded.—Reuter.

Found lying in Yenehow Street near Cheung Sha Wan at 12.05 a.m. yesterday suffering from the effects of lye poisoning, Tong Yuk-mui, 23, was removed to the Kowloon Hospital. Her condition last night was still serious.

WAR IN MANCHURIA IS GROWING IN INTENSITY

(From Our Own Correspondent)

While the Chinese press and official circles are much exercised over the border incidents in far-off Turkestan, the civil war in Manchuria and North China is growing in intensity and Government forces are hard-pressed everywhere.

The Chinese Communists, apparently co-ordinating operations with the Manchurian offensive, have been extending the offensive to North China.

Strong and continual attacks are being made against the three main railways, destroying bridges, mining the line and burning stations.

Trains Stop

Between Peiping and Tientsin our railway bridges have been blown up and no trains have been running for the last three days.

At the northern end of the Tientsin-Pukow line the Communists are staging an attack proceeding for Suipingkang, still held by Government forces, while the Fushun coal mines, 30 miles from Mukden, are reported threatened.

In areas further south, round Antung and also on the former leased territory border, the Communists are staging strong offensives and are reported to have made considerable gains.

—Our Own Correspondent.

On the Peiping-Hankow line attacks have been made and

bridges destroyed only 20 miles south of Peiping, and gunfire is repeatedly heard in the city.

Red Gains

The Peiping-Suyuan line is the only line still running undisturbed from Peiping.

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Liang Shu-tsai said the attacks south of Tientsin were not staged by Communists

and that the Nationalists are confined to defensive action to keep open North China's railways which, he admitted, may be disrupted intermittently but "will be repaired quickly each time." At present, he said, three bridges were destroyed between Peiping and Tientsin.

Meanwhile, in Tientsin, curfew was declared from 10 p.m. to 5 a.m. Food prices have mounted at least 30 or 40 percent.—United Press.

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RESURGENCE OF WORLD FASCISM

Warning To The Allied Prime Ministers

Disquieting State Of Affairs

London, June 14. The International Committee for study of European questions has submitted documents to the Prime Ministers and Foreign Secretaries of the former Allied nations, warning them of the resurgence of Fascism throughout the world.

Leading politicians of the Allied nations, among them M. Edouard Herriot, former French Premier, M. Robert Gillon, President of the Belgian Senate, M. Christmas Moeller, former Danish Foreign Minister, and Lord Vansittart, former diplomatic adviser to the British Foreign Office, are members of the International Committee, whose secretary, Mr. Robert Bore, told Reuter today that information reaching him from agents disclosed a disquieting state of affairs.

Roosevelt, Churchill Names Wiped Off

Niagara Falls, June 14. A dispute over the inscription on the master bell of the new \$100,000 "peace carillon," being installed here, has resulted in a decision to scrape the names of Roosevelt and Churchill from the bell.

The inscription reads: "To God's glory and in grateful memory of our nation's leaders, Winston and Franklin Delano Roosevelt."

The bell and the inscription were ordered by the Niagara Falls Bridge Commission, an international body.

Recently, some members of the Commission pressed for a revision to include the name of an unspecified Canadian leader, presumably Prime Minister Mackenzie King. As the addition was impossible without a recasting of the bell, the Commission decided to eliminate the names of Churchill and Roosevelt.

It has been alleged that members of the Canadian Government "put pressure" on the Commission.

Mr. Mackenzie King has made no comment.—Reuter.

INDO-CHINA EASIER?

Paris, June 14. The French High Commissioner to Indo-China, M. Emile Bollaert, arrived here by air from Saigon this afternoon.

Saying that he was to make a routine report to Government, M. Bollaert told journalists: "All I can tell you is that for the past two months the situation in Indo-China has eased noticeably and that the country is regaining confidence in itself."—Reuter.

TRouble IN PUNJAB

Lahore, June 14. Two persons, including a police constable, were killed and another injured through unspecified police and military action today in the holy Sikh city of Amritsar in the Punjab. Six cases of arson have been reported there during the last 24 hours.

In Lahore, two houses were set on fire and one person fatally stabbed immediately after the 60 hour curfew had been lifted.—Reuter.

"JANE"



Truman Accuses Three Balkan Nations

Washington, June 14. President Truman tonight accused the Governments of Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria of oppressing the peoples of their countries. In a statement issued on the occasion of the signing of the ratification of the peace treaties with these three ex-enemy countries, President Truman said: "I feel I must publicly express regret that the Governments of these countries not only have disregarded the will of the majority of the people but have resorted to measures of repression against them.

"Ever since the liberation of these countries from the Nazi yoke and the commitments undertaken by the three Allies at Yalta, I had hoped that governments, truly representative of the people, would be established there.

"Such governments do not exist today in these three countries.

"It is, however, in the interests of the Hungarian, Rumanian and Bulgarian peoples to terminate the state of war which has existed between their Governments and the United States for over five years.

"Plant food materials are so vital to the people of all countries that they are being allocated on an international basis just as life-saving cereals are divided up by mutual consent," he said.

He said the world outlook for phosphate is improved and "there may be just about enough polish to go around."—United Press.

MR. CHURCHILL

London, June 14. A bulletin signed by Sir Thomas Dunhill and Lord Doran said Winston Churchill continues to make good progress. They are among the surgeons who operated on him on Wednesday.—United Press.

Franco-Egyptian Incident

Cairo, June 14. The Captain of the Egyptian ship El Amira Fawzia, recently refused permission by the French authorities to enter Tunis harbour, declared today that his request for a supply of fresh water in Tunis was turned down by the French authorities, declaring that water could only be supplied in mid-sea through pumps.

The vessel returned today to Alexandria where her Captain Colonel Bahia Edine Hafez gave a first-hand account of the incident.

On the Fawzia's arrival outside Tunis, with relief supplies for the Tunisians, he said that he sent a telegram to the Port Authorities advising them of her entry into port the following morning.

A French military plane circled over the Fawzia taking photographs of the ship, after which a telegram from the French Resident-General in Tunis informed them of the refusal to let the Fawzia enter Tunisian territorial waters on the grounds that her formalities were not made in time.

The following day, said the Captain, a French warship steamed towards the Fawzia and ordered the vessel to stop. He suggested a meeting between French and Egyptian delegates, whereupon a French military delegate boarded the Fawzia and told the Captain that the French Government's decisions were final.

The Fawzia later went to Malta where the Captain said the British authorities were most courteous.—United Press.

OIL PRICES LOWERED

Macassar, June 14. With a view to stimulating economic developments on the islands, East Indonesia oil prices have been decreased to an important extent, Anheu reported today.

"Gasoline, per litre, has been decreased by ten cents (average), while petroleum prices show an average decrease of 15 cents."—United Press.

King's Speech At Sandhurst

Sandhurst, June 14. The King today presented new colours to the Royal Military Academy at Sandhurst, the newly completed training centre for officers formerly from the old Royal Military College and Woolwich Academy.

Addressing the parade the King, who had driven over from Windsor with the Queen and the two Princesses, said:

"It gives me great pleasure to see you on parade today, and to present these new colours. By doing so I am able to continue the custom which Queen Charlotte began in 1813, and which successive members of my family

have followed. I want to tell you what I expect of you."

"The past is important. In two great wars, two military colleges whose names are emblazoned on your colours, gave many of their bravest and most distinguished sons on the battlefield. When you salute your colours remember the generations who have studied and served here before you, and do nothing to tarnish their honour."

"For you and all of us the future is more important still. I ask you to think of this while you are here, and to do everything that you can, both by your conduct and your work, to fit yourself for the exacting days ahead. Try to do better even than those who have gone before you. Above all, remember that the career which you have undertaken is one of great unselfishness. Your colours by their consecration, may remind you of the supreme example of unselfishness which the world has seen, and your 'Serve to lead' may teach you that only by regulating such an example, can you each hope to play your part as commanders of men."

"I feel confident not only that you will prove worthy guardians of your colours, but that you will leave Sandhurst, and then on, with added lustre to your successors."—Reuter.

GLORIA GIVES IT UP

London, June 14. Gloria Jean, banned by several London newspapers for singing the Lord's Prayer in a popular music programme at the London Casino on Monday night, is going home.

She collapsed on the stage the night after the incident, and said that she had been "not very well" since then. She will leave on Thursday.

A tour of British Music Halls planned for the actress has been cancelled.—Reuter.

His Wife Was A Worthless Baggage

London, June 14. Judge J. B. Sandbach told a handsome young veteran of the Grenadier Guards today that "Your wife is a worthless baggage."

Terrence Frazer, 25-year-old Guardsman who distinguished himself in six years of war, agreed with the court.

Upon his homecoming he found that his wife had borne children by three other men. She refused his offer for reconciliation.

Frazer picked up with another woman whom the judge also described as a "worthless baggage" and surrendered to police later on charges of stealing.

The judge said women had led him into crime but "he realized now what a fool he had been."

Frazer was cleared of the charges but placed on probation.—United Press.

BRITISH POLICE IN INCIDENT

Jerusalem, June 14. Two out of three British police officers held by the Syrian authorities in Damascus during the last few days returned to Palestine tonight "of their own accord."

The third officer was still held in Damascus pending the completion of extradition formalities.

All three officers were linked with the disappearance on May 11 from Jerusalem of a 17-year-old Jew, Alexander Rudovitz.—Reuter.

Jerusalem, June 14. Dr. Moshe Sneh of the Jewish Agency Executive, and Eliezer Kaplan, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, arrived in Palestine by air tonight to attend tomorrow's full meeting of the Executive on the eve of the opening of the United Nations special Palestine fact-finding mission.—Reuter.

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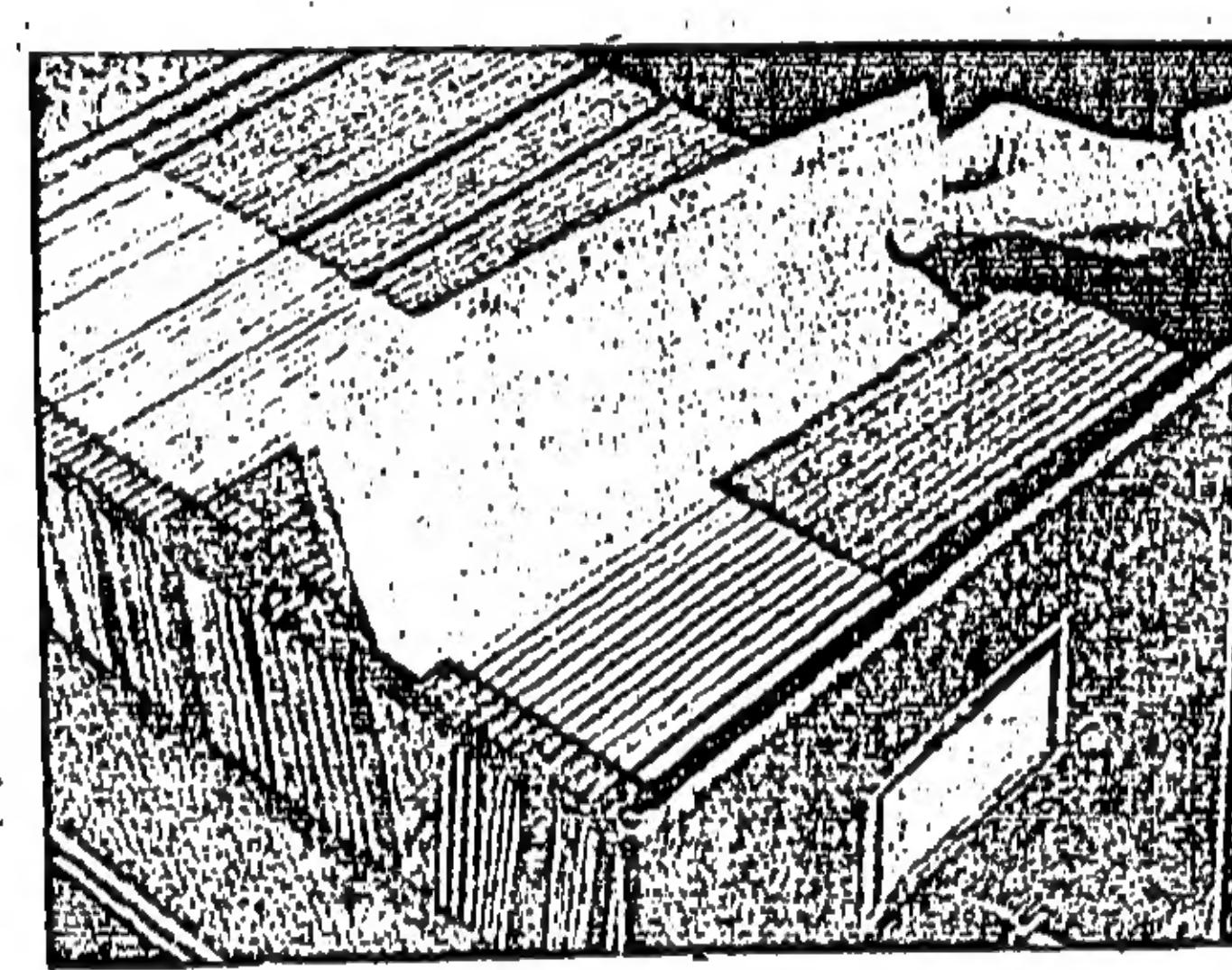
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WANTED: Agency for local products. Advertiser taking up residence in South Africa. Apply Box 301 "China Mail".

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PUBLIC AUCTION

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR OF DISPOSALS, FAR EASTERN AREA (M.O.S.)
Messrs. Lammert Brothers of Pedder Building, Hong Kong, have received instructions to sell by Auction at their Sales Rooms, Pedder Building—Basement, at 10.30 a.m. on Wednesday, the 18th day of June 1947:

A LARGE QUANTITY OF
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LOCATED AT ROYAL ENGINEERS BARRACKS, LYEMUN, HONG KONG.

Steel Girders, Corrugated Iron Sheets, Mild Steel Rods and Pipes.

(These are variously located in the barracks. Intending purchasers should ask for Mr. Gul at the barracks who will show them exactly what is included.)

LOCATED AT ROYAL ARMY ORDNANCE CORPS, DEPOT, SHAMSHUIPO.

Aluminium old, Brass old, Iron tinned and galvanized, Batteries old, Cast Iron old, Lead old, Wrought Iron old, Mixed Metals old, Steel Scrap, Cable old, Canvas old, Oil Skin old, Rope and Cordage old, Rags old, Woolen, Rags old cotton, Rubber old, Webbing old, Leather old, Old Tools, Box, Pumps, Range-finder, Blankets old, Old Rubber Tyres, Bicycles old, Old Metal Cylinders, Water Tank, Portable Disinfecter, Rope Ladders old and Steel Beds old.

LOCATED AT R.A.F. — 393 EQUIPMENT PARK, KOWLOON.

Ferrous Metal Scrap, Canvas old and Clothing old.

LOCATED AT R.A.F. AIRFIELD, KAITAK

Old Air Frames "Dakota" and "Sunderland", Girders old, Old Oil Drums and Ferrous Metal Scrap.

LOCATED AT H.M. DOCK-YARD, KOWLOON

Drums, 46 Gallons old and Aluminium old.

LOCATED AT H.M. DOCK-YARD, HONG KONG.

Aluminium old, Brass old, Boring, Brass old mixed scrap, Brass old scrap, Bronze old, Copper old, Gunmetal old, Lead old, Metal old, Zinc old, and white Metal old.

Permits to view, Catalogues, Special Conditions of Sale etc. may be obtained from Messrs. Lammert Brothers.

Inspection of Stores at Royal Engineers Barracks, Royal Army Ordnance Corps, Depot, H. M. Dockyard, Kowloon and H. M. Dockyard, Hong Kong can be made between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 12 noon and between the hours of 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. on the 16th and 17th, June 1947.

Inspection of Stores at R.A.F. — 393 Equipment Park and R.A.F. Airfield can be made between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 12 noon, on 16th and 17th, June 1947.

WALTER M. WEINBERGER,
Chairman,

BRITISH STORES DISPOSAL
BOARD (HONG KONG).

NOTICE

DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS FOODSTUFFS

- Under instructions from the War Office London, the following quantities of R.A.S.C. Supplies are offered for sale.
- Tenders are invited for whole or part lots of these commodities:

Tinned Beef 8 tons (approx. 248 cases)
Luncheon Meat (Spam etc.) 15 tons (approx. 933 cases)
Tinned Bacon 3½ tons (approx. 183 cases)
Tinned Sausages 14 tons (approx. 696 cases)
Tinned Pork & Soya Links 15½ tons (approx. 913 cases)
Mixed Tinned Vegetables 30 tons (approx. 1947 cases)

3. These commodities may be inspected at the Command Supply Depot Shamshui Po between the hours of 10 a.m.—4 p.m. daily until Friday, June 20th.

4. Application to view will be received at, and necessary passes and tender forms obtained, from H.Q. R.A.S.C. Queen's Road, Hong Kong, daily between the hours of 9 a.m. and 11 a.m. up to Thursday, June 19th.

5. Tenders will be received up to 11 a.m. June 23 and must be deposited at H.Q. R.A.S.C. Queen's Road, Hong Kong, in sealed packets and marked "TENDER FOR R.A.S.C. SUPPLIES" before that time and date.

6. The Secretary of State for War does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender.

S. P. PERRY

Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commander, Royal Army Service Corps,
Land Forces,
HONG KONG.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

It is hereby notified that the following Sale of Crown Land by Public Auction will be held at the Offices of the Public Works Department on Tuesday, the 17th day of June, 1947, at 3 p.m.

Sale conditions may be obtained and sale plan inspected at the Office of the Superintendent of Crown Lands and Survey, Lower Albert Road, Hong Kong.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Location	Boundaries	Area in sq. ft.	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	New Kowloon Infant Lot No. 3683	Kun Tong Bay	As per sale plan	1,078,400 (about)	\$18,3121	\$492,250
	New Kowloon Infant Lot No. 3684	Kun Tong Bay	Areas adju- ded red	391,000 (about)	\$1,4881	

Immediately after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser shall according to the Conditions of Sale pay to the Auctioneer a sum of \$98,500.00 in cash or by cheque, which shall be certificated by the Bank on which it is drawn. The Bank must be a member of the Exchange Banks Association.

V. KENNIF, Director of Public Works.

Hong Kong, 11th June, 1947.

GERMAN AND ITALIAN ASSETS SEIZED BY CUSTODIAN OF ENEMY PROPERTY

All companies or persons holding any funds, shares, dividends, or other assets seized by the Custodian of Enemy Property prior to the occupation of Hong Kong and now held in the name of the Custodian of Property or to his order are requested to forward to the Custodian of Property at the earliest opportunity details of all such assets held by them.

In cases where the information has already been given since the re-occupation no further return is necessary.

This request does not apply to former China Companies now registered in Hong Kong, who should take instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property in London.

W. H. STURROCK
Custodian of Property.

JAPANESE ASSETS

All companies or persons holding any funds, shares, dividends, or other assets, which were the property of Japanese Government, companies or individuals, are requested to forward to the Custodian of Property at the earliest opportunity details of all such assets held by them.

In cases where the information has already been given no further return is necessary.

This request does not apply to former China Companies now registered in Hong Kong, who should take instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property in London.

W. H. STURROCK
Custodian of Property.

PEAK TRAMWAYS CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel, Hong Kong, on Friday 11th July 1947, at 12 noon for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts for the period—1st September 1946 to 31st March 1947, and for the election of Directors and the appointment of Auditors.

The Registrar and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 28th June to the 11th July 1947, both days inclusive.

AND NOTICE IS HEREBY ALSO GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company will be held at the same place and on the same day at 12.30 p.m. or as soon afterwards as the Ordinary General Meeting shall be concluded, when the subjoined Resolutions will be submitted:

- That Article 88 of the Company's Articles of Association be altered by striking out the words "the Secretary and" in the eighth line thereof.
- That the foregoing resolution shall be retrospective and shall take effect from the 1st day of April, 1947.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON
General Managers.

HONG KONG, 14th June 1947.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifty-eighth Ordinary Yearly Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, Chung Tin Building, First Floor, 5, Des Voeux Road Central, Victoria, Hong Kong, on Saturday, 28th June, 1947, at Noon, for the purpose of confirming the appointment of the Board of Directors and receiving their Report and Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1941, for the period 1st January, 1942 to 31st December, 1945, for the year ended 31st December, 1946, and to transact the ordinary business of the Company.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Friday, 20th June, 1947 until Saturday, 28th June, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO., LTD.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 12th June, 1947.

1. To receive and consider the Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet and the Report of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

2. To elect Directors.

3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.

4. To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the COMPANY will be closed from the 2nd June, 1947 to the 16th June, 1947, both days inclusive.

By order.

of the Board of Directors.

R. G. CRAIG,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 8th, May, 1947.

NOTICE

All of the voting preferred stock and non-voting common stock of CATHAY-GRAND CORPORATION has been retired upon the basis of declarations reached pursuant to resolutions adopted by the voting preferred stockholders and non-voting common stockholders at the annual meeting of the Company held December 27, 1946.

The retired stock is being replaced by voting common stock.

Stockholders who have not received the Company's circular letters giving notice of the foregoing are requested to immediately mail to the Company their names and addresses.

CATHAY-GRAND CORPORATION

216 Nanking Road (West)

Shanghai

BRITAIN TAKING THE LEAD Bevin To Initiate Talks In Paris Effort To Rally Europe

Abd El Krim In Cairo



Paris, June 14.

French official circles were tonight agreeably surprised at the "lightning" British decision that their Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, will come to Paris on Tuesday to consult with M. Georges Bidault, French Foreign Minister, on the Marshall plan for European economic cooperation.

The decision was interpreted here as an indication that the British Government attached considerable importance to Britain taking the lead in European affairs and regarded the Marshall proposal as an excellent opportunity for trying to rally Europe round her standard.

The fact that Mr. Bevin wants to start by talking the matter over with the French was also welcomed, in the hope that it might mean that the British Government would accord French economic recovery a certain priority over German economic reconstruction.

While eager to cooperate with Mr. Bevin, the French are likewise desirous of playing a leading role in European economic schemes, failing which they fear that under an economic plan common to the whole continent, they might find themselves dragged indirectly into concessions in regard to German reconstruction, to which they have so far offered political and diplomatic resistance.

French Fears "A Fast One?"

In Communist circles there was some reticence on General Marshall's proposal and Mr. Bevin's coming visit.

Enthusiasm expressed in British official circles and the press about the United States plan is regarded as out of keeping with the traditional caution and reserve of British diplomacy. Consequently, French extreme Left Wing circles believe that Mr. Bevin "has put a fast one" over on France" and by rushing the matter hopes to keep the initiative in any European reconstruction plans in British hands.

Hague Reaction The Hague, June 14.

Political sources said today that Holland would confer with Belgium about Secretary of State George Marshall's plan for European reconstruction and would react to it soon.—United Press.

Classes will be held on four days each week, between the hours of 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. and the duration of the course will be about five weeks. The course is mainly intended for men and women employed in the social services and in social welfare work in the Colony, but is open to all interested.

The course, which is intended should be taken as a whole, will include classes in Social Economics, Social Institutions, Modern Developments in Social Welfare, Social Services in Hong Kong, Nutrition, etc.

Enrolment forms may be obtained at the office of the Registrar, and should be returned completed to that office on or before July 2nd. No fees will be charged.

A series of classes in Social Study will be given at the University of the months of July and August, commencing on Monday July 7th.

These desiring further information may apply to the Professor of Economics, University of Hong Kong, Time Table and other arrangements will be notified in due course to persons enrolling.

STANLEY V. BOXER
Registrar
University of Hong Kong

Hong Kong 11th June, 1947.

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TURKEY TO BE U.S. BASTION

Plans For Military Cooperation Now Under Secret Discussion

"THE SINGAPORE OF TURKEY"

Ankara, June 14. If present plans of Turko-American military cooperation are realised, Turkey will become the Middle East's strongest bastion for protecting America's immense oil interests from possible Soviet penetration.

The plans will build for America the central fortress of her anti-Russian Great Wall encircling the U.S.S.R. from the Arctic regions of the Bering Strait to Korea, Iran, Greece, Australia up to Western Germany.

The plans, though officially not announced, seem to concentrate on the construction of Turkey's internal highways, railroads and harbours in order to enhance the efficiency of Turkey's internal communications arteries, a necessity in a modern war.

The American Mission and the Turkish General Staff seems to have agreed. In addition, a modern network of highways, patterned after New York's standard railways, will be built with entirely new harbours in the south east.

The American plans envisage a new "Grand Central Station" in the heart of Turkey as the pivot for all forthcoming railways, to overshadow the efficiency of the old ones, many of which had been built decades ago by the Germans and French.

"Singapore Of Turkey"

The planned new grand harbour in the south east has already been given the nickname "The Singapore of Turkey" with facilities to accommodate giant warships and commercial vessels, complete with drydocks comparable to those of Singapore.

Observers foresee that if Turkey is regarded as Democracy's front line, this country will be cross-crossed by communications trenches, sufficient and efficient enough to rush American supplies from the Grand Harbour to the Grand Central Station, then with modern mills.

Southwest Europe is America's brand new sphere of influence where penetrations by Russia are forbidden and penetrations by Britain and France are now financially and legally impossible.

Southwest Europe today is what we call America's "forbidden meat." —Central News.

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Such rights and influence will then be acquired by other groups led by more thoughtful leaders.

Observers unanimously interpreted Brown's remarks as virtually eliminating Khoo from oral consultation with the Joint Commission.

General Brown's blunt warning to Korean leaders still refusing to cooperate with the Commission came as a surprise punch in the middle of a routine speech of appreciation for Korean hospitality.

Pointing out that there are a few Korean political leaders who still hesitate to give complete support to the work of the Joint Commission, General Brown stated that these leaders are confused by imaginary

MUCH ABOUT NOWT

Moscow, June 14. The Soviet Government newspaper *Izvestia* today bitterly criticised officials of Soviet Government offices for establishing "beachheads" on the warm, sunny shores of the Black Sea, where "they go all out to make life as pleasant as possible for themselves."

"Refreshed by sunbathing, the chief of the paper supply office of the Ministry for the Cellulose and Paper Industry put up sufficient strength to organise a supply of nails to plants in the Urals," the paper said sarcastically.—Reuter.

Hungary's Foreign Minister

Budapest, June 14. The Hungarian Minister of Information, Erno Mihalyfi, told a press conference today that Professor Julius Szekere, Hungarian Minister in Moscow, was not a likely candidate for the post of Foreign Minister.

Nothing has been decided yet about this post, which was left vacant when Janos Gyengyossy disappeared from the Cabinet in the ashtray after the resignation of Dr. Ferenc Nagy from the Premiership.

Meanwhile, oil deposits in Transjordan are being explored, new oil deposits in Syria have just been discovered and construction of an American oil pipeline from Saudi Arabia to Lebanon will begin in November.

Southwest Europe is America's brand new sphere of influence where penetrations by Russia are forbidden and penetrations by Britain and France are now financially and legally impossible.

Southwest Europe today is what we call America's "forbidden meat." —Central News.

EXPLOSION IN PARLIAMENT

Beirut, June 14. Unknown persons tonight threw high explosives at the Lebanese Parliament building here, smashing a glass front and the dome.

Nobody was killed, according to first reports.—Reuter.

The Speaker was constitutionally entitled to postpone the debate without a vote, he said. The debate would continue next Wednesday.—Reuter.

A Blunt Warning To Korean Leaders

Seoul, June 14. Major-General Albert Brown warned last night that should any Korean leader who claims the trust and following of a large segment of the population refuse to represent his people when crucial issues are involved he will surrender the democratic rights and influence of those he represents.

Such rights and influence will then be acquired by other groups led by more thoughtful leaders.

Observers unanimously interpreted Brown's remarks as virtually eliminating Khoo from oral consultation with the Joint Commission.

It is my opinion that should these individuals carefully and honestly study the Moscow Agreement their doubts would disappear. They should seriously consider whether there are any real objectionable features which they believe exist in this document.

"At this crucial period in the history of their country such imaginary faults should not mislead them into refusal to join wholeheartedly in working out a provisional government over a united Korea in accordance with the requirements of this document and the wishes of their people," he said.—United Press.

General Brown's blunt warning to Korean leaders still refusing to cooperate with the Commission came as a surprise punch in the middle of a routine speech of appreciation for Korean hospitality.

Pointing out that there are a few Korean political leaders who still hesitate to give complete support to the work of the Joint Commission, General Brown stated that these leaders are confused by imaginary

dangerous which, in their opinion, lurk like ghosts hidden between the lines of the Moscow Agreement.

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A MATTER OF LIFE AND DEATH

Premier Calls For Support Of U.N.O.

"Next War Will Be Disastrous"

Canterbury, June 14. The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, speaking here today called for the same fervour for the United Nations as was given to the League of Nations, and added: "It is literally not merely a matter of life and death for an individual; it is a matter of life and death for civilisation." Mr. Attlee, without venturing any suggestion of confidence that world peace had at last been assured, grimly told a rain-drenched throng at a United Nations Association rally tonight that "the last war was ghastly enough but modern invention makes it certain that the next one will be even more disastrous."

Pamphlets issued by the Association for distribution among the audience contained such slogans as "It is of vital interest to you," "Funds are needed now to preserve peace," "Apathy will lead to war."

One pamphlet was illustrated with two pictures—the first of children picking flowers in a pleasant meadow, the second of the Bikini atom bomb explosion. Their caption read: "It is up to us."

Appealing for active support of all activities associated with the United Nations, Mr. Attlee said: "This is not a thing that can be left to others."

Great Advance

Behind him loomed Chilham Castle, where historians believe the early Britons were entrenched when Julius Caesar landed in 55 B.C.

The success of the League of Nations was only partial, he said. The present United Nations charter was based on the mistakes committed in the organisation of the League of Nations and was great advance on it.

Empire Conference Rumours

Ottawa, June 15. Reports of a projected Imperial Conference, which have been current in London, find no confirmation in the Canadian Department of External Affairs.

Officials discount suggestions of such a Conference being held in any immediate future. They believe the idea arises from a misunderstanding of suggestions that British Commonwealth representatives should meet as a preliminary to the Japanese peace conference.

If such a meeting is held, it is believed that it will be in London or Australia.

The purpose of such a meeting would not be to set up a concrete British Commonwealth bloc on Japanese treaty proposals, but rather to exchange and reconcile British and Dominion views as far as possible prior to the peace conference.

While admitting Britain, Australia, and New Zealand are more directly interested, Canada also is interested because of her participation in the Japanese war, and because of her Pacific Ocean coastline.—Our Own Correspondent.

Turtle Island Dispute

London, June 15. The Foreign Office today announced that the future of the Turtle Islands had not yet been settled.

The spokesman denied reports that Britain had obtained territorial concessions in negotiations with the Philippines concerning the islands, which lie between the Philippines and Borneo.

"The question has not arisen," he said. "In 1930 we agreed to surrender the islands to the Philippines upon receipt of a year's notice. That is now being discussed in connection with the treaty of amity with the Philippines, now under negotiation."

The importance of the islands, the spokesman added, "derives from the fact that there is a lighthouse there." — United Press.

FRENCH BANK STRIKE

Paris, June 14. The Employees Federation—an affiliate of the Communist-dominated General Confederation of Labour—announced today that it would call a strike of French Bank employees on June 19 for higher wages. The federation said the strike will be of unlimited duration.—United Press.

AWESOME NEW WEAPON

Cincinnati, Ohio, June 14. Mr. James Marion Snodgrass, a 39-year-old buoys physicist, said in an interview here today that he was one of a group of scientists who had developed a secret Anglo-American weapon "as awesome in its effects as an atomic bomb."

Mr. Snodgrass was reluctant to discuss the weapon but said that it was not connected in any way with the atom bomb and was not yet a biological weapon.

He had no comment to make when asked whether it was for use against human beings, aircraft or sea vessels.—Reuter.

Emergency Act In Burma

Rangoon, June 14. The Burma Government today promulgated an Emergency Immigration Act whereunder "no person will be allowed to enter Burma without either a passport fully vised by or on behalf of the Government of Burma, or an immigration permit issued by the Controller of Immigration."

British subjects domiciled in the United Kingdom are exempted from the operation of the Act.

A press note said that the measure for the control of immigration is necessitated by the large-scale unauthorised entry of non-Burmans into Burma along the land frontier adjacent to India, China and Siam.

"Difficult conditions of living, difficulty in the maintenance of communications, law and order, and the increasing threat of unemployment make it imperative for the Government to assume emergency powers," it stated.—Reuter.

Romantic Love Danger To Marriage

San Francisco, June 14. A false idea of romantic love is in danger of wrecking the institution of marriage, according to a prominent sociologist. In the opinion of Dr. Margaret Mead, associate curator of ethnology at the American Museum of Natural History in New York, the dewy-eyed "April-May" feeling of a couple for each other is expected by too many to last forever.

It doesn't, she told the national conference of social work here. And when it doesn't, she said, the marriage has none of the supports of 50 or 100 years ago to prop it up.

Those, supports Dr. Mead listed as:

1. Marriage within the same social groups, as it existed among relatively isolated or stable communities of years ago.

2. Identical religious patterns of the man and wife; community morality.

3. Proximity to the elders, the parents and the older members of a community.

4. Pressure of communities small enough and stable enough to enable each family's intimate life to be subject to the scrutiny of the neighbours.

"The belief that marriage should be for love, and with little regard for soberer considerations of common background, temperamental compatibility, or suitable and complementary skills and aspirations, had existed for a long time. But within the narrow circle of most Americans' acquaintance in the 19th century, the soberer considerations did operate."

Today, Dr. Mead says, this is the way modern marriage operates:

Myth-Laden Aura

"Two young people, relying in no sense upon the advice of their parents, willing to dare any degree of difference in class, religion, nationality and some racial differences, in the name of love, meet in some casual manner....

"They fasten upon each other the whole myth-laden aura of romantic love, marry without exploration of the thousand sober factors which should be taken into account, go to live as far away from the surviving relatives as possible, with a fixed belief that no marriage can succeed if one has to live with relatives....

"They bear children who are seen as a pleasure to be elected or a link to bind the marriage—United Press.

Pastoral Letter To Spain

Madrid, June 14. Spain's Cardinal Primate, Enrique Pla Y Deniel, issued a pastoral letter today which will be read in all Catholic Churches in Spain regarding the national referendum to be held on July 6.

The Cardinal says: "The Church exercises its moral duty in recalling the grave responsibility attached to the vote but without giving advice on how to vote, leaving this to each citizen's conscience."

The Church calls on all its faithful to follow the guidance of their consciences seeking the welfare of the Church and country, which are both based on peace and social order.

"These things are the supreme necessity of nations, and they justify changes of regime while at the same time neither peace nor social order can be achieved by arbitrary and harmful rebellions against the state."

"The Church does not take sides but feels the necessity for appealing to all the faithful in moments which may be decisive as those of 1936, because many outside Spain argue that the martyrdom of so many thousands who have died for religion and so many thousands who have died for God and for Spain was useless."—Reuter.

Workers Criticise Mr. Bevin's Policy

London, June 15. Delegates representing 23,000 tobacco workers at their annual meeting today criticised the Labour Government's foreign policy and demanded that British troops be withdrawn from Greece immediately.

A resolution declaring that the Government's foreign policy "apparently is having the effect of assisting the forces of Fascism and reaction in Greece and other European countries," said it necessitated the "retention of men in the armed forces who could be more usefully employed in industry."

The resolution stated, "We also express ourselves opposed to any link with the United States which is directed in any way against the USSR."

There were only three dissenting votes—the meeting also requested the Government and the Trade Unions Council to insist upon the immediate release of all Trade Unionists held as political prisoners in Greece other than those charged with criminal offences.—Associated Press.

British-P.I. Treaty Of Friendship

London, June 15. Negotiations are under way for a treaty of friendship between Britain and the Philippines.

Preliminary agreement on the broad lines of the proposed pact was reached between Mr. Bevin and Mr. Quirino, President and Foreign Minister of the Philippine Republic, during his recent visit to London.

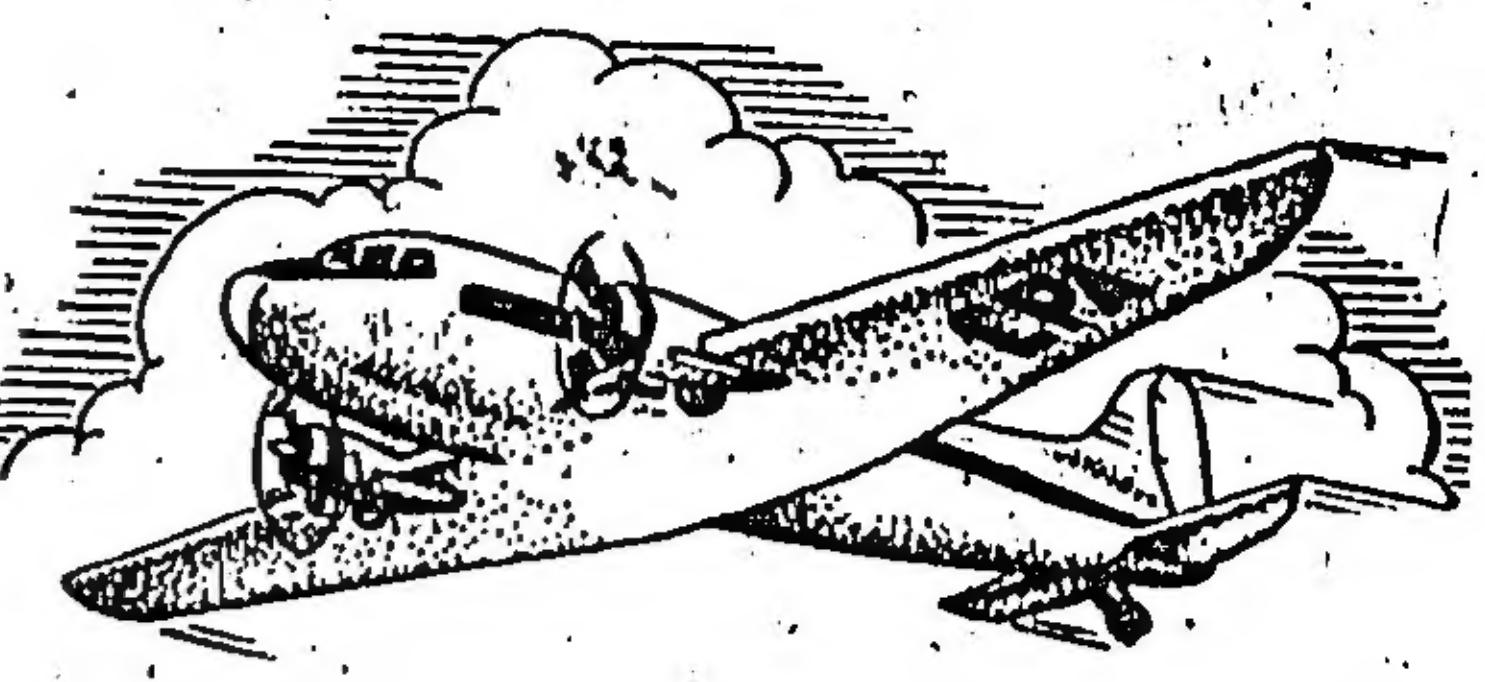
Many details still remain to be worked out, however, and negotiations are expected to last some time. Meantime the Philippine Government hopes to be able to establish a legation in London in the near future, and the British Government would then take a similar step in Manila.

The treaty, according to British official circles, will in all probability be couched in very general terms. It is not expected to be an alliance, but will provide for Anglo-Philippine cooperation in the Southwest Pacific.—Reuter.

TO STUDY IN GERMANY

Berlin, June 14. Seventy-six British students will be accepted into German Universities in the British occupation zone for study during the next winter term.

Applicants will be selected by the Foreign Office's German Section and will be judged on physical and psycho-logical, as well as academic grounds.—Associated Press.



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"TRUVENTHOP"	U.K., Genoa, Bombay, Colombo & Straits	20th June
"TREVAYLOR"	U.K. & Straits	July
"TRIWORIAN"	U.K., Genoa, Bombay, Colombo	August

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	READY
"EMPEROR OF SCOTLAND"	Straits & U.K.	2nd July
"MUTLAH"	Straits & Bombay	End June

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ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	READY
"NANKIN"	Australia & New Zealand	August

SAILINGS

SHIP	TO	READY
"EASTERN"	Australia via Sandakan	25th June

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GOLD BULLION EXPORTS
Philippine Deliveries To London
For Sale In Free Market

(By Sydney Gampell)

London, June 14. Dr. Dipokorosomo, chairman of the Republican Industrial Council, gave as his opinion on nationalisation of Republican industries that the paper, chemical and textile industries should be nationalised.

Difficulties with foreign exchange have greatly hampered the establishment of certain projected industries while inefficiency in existing industries is the main cause of general poverty in the country, he said, adding that wages and the people's purchasing power have remained low.

Meanwhile, a central bureau has been established for the management of Republican plantations belonging to the State, according to a broadcast by Jogjakarta radio.—United Press.

No very large premium over the United States official price of US\$35 per ounce was expected to be obtained for this Philippine gold.

Mexican gold coins on the free market fetch rather less than the equivalent of US\$10 per ounce and Philippine or other gold in bar form would be worth a shade less, since that some Philippine mines which, because of higher production costs, could not work economically at the official price of \$35 an ounce, could resume big production at a moderately higher price. The smaller the premium obtained on a free market, the smaller is this inducement to restore big output.

Mexican gold bars in the New York free market (for export) are worth about US\$38.12 to US\$39 per ounce. London, with its longer and closer bullion connections with the Middle East might be able to get slightly more than New York for Philippine gold but probably only by a matter of cents. Big prices of US\$50 to US\$90 per ounce, which have been widely publicised, are only in the Eastern free market, which either, as in India, cannot at present import gold at all or else cannot import it for dollars.

Helping Industry

The British Authorities do not allow gold to be exported at higher than the official price against payment in sterling, because of entrapment. Britain prefers to earn dollars while for any other trade requiring gold at a premium in sterling amounts to devaluation of sterling, which is anathema to the British authorities. They do not, however, object to entrapment against payment in dollars.

The Bank of England knows nothing of the Philippine consignments but this is natural at this stage. Whether imported for safe deposits for further processing or in transit to a third country outside the sterling area, gold needs no import licence. The Bank would only hear of it when an export licence was applied for.

It has been known since February that the Philippine Government favoured gold exports at the best obtainable price to help the rehabilitation of the Philippine gold mining industry, which at that time

CHEMICAL WORKS
CLOSED

Hamburg, June 14. The shortage of coal has closed the L.G. Farben Chemical Works at Leverkusen, near Cologne, in the United States Zone, for an "indefinite period."

The chief of the production department of the North German Coal Company in Essen said that a "higher spirit" among miners led to an increase of about 1,000 tons in the Ruhr Valley coal output. British controlled—during the past few days but coal transportation continued to present difficulties.—Reuter.

NATIONALISING
BANK

The Hague, June 14. Dr. Pieter Loefflinck, the Dutch Finance Minister, today presented to the Dutch Parliament a bill to nationalise the Netherlands Bank.

The Bank will have at least three and a maximum of five managers, all to be appointed by the Crown.—Reuter.

BOMBAY SILVER
& GOLD

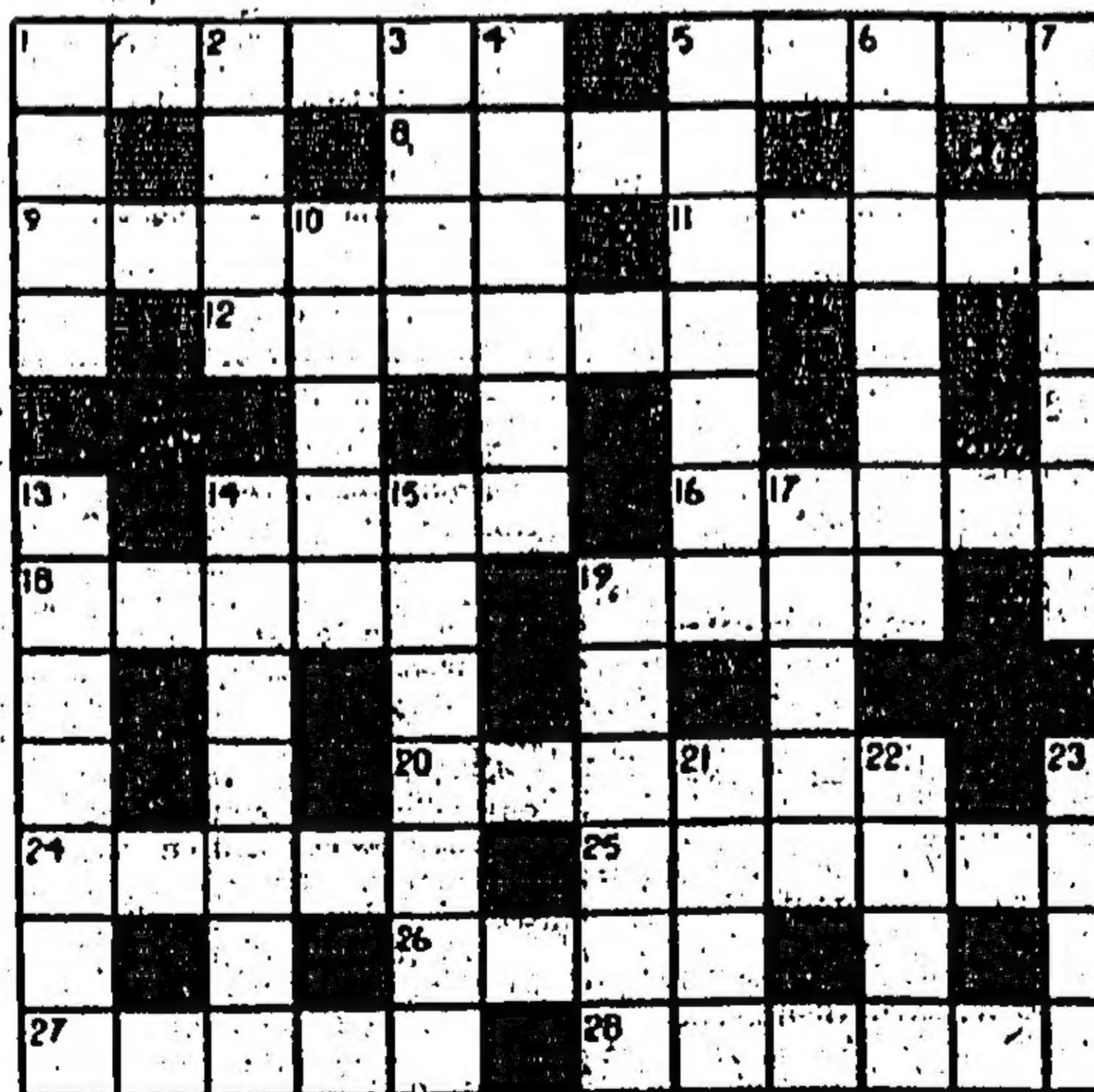
Bombay, June 14. Silver, ready per 100 tolas 170 Rupees, 14 Annas; Gold, Delivered, per tola 112, 12; Sovereign, each unquoted; Silver, New Settlement (unofficial) unquoted.—Reuter.

ZURICH FOREIGN
EXCHANGES

Zurich, June 14. Zurich on London 17.35, New York 4.30, Paris 3.02%, Brussels 0.87%, Amsterdam 16.20, Lisbon 15.57%, Buenos Aires 14.00, Stockholm 119.62%, Madrid 39.75.—Reuter.

Alexandria, June 14. Gold, per "dirham" 134%, Egyptian pound 440, Sovereign 475, Turkish pound 330, Napoleon 330, Dollar (piece de cinq) 440, Silver (piastres) per Kilogram 840.—Reuter.

A BRITISH CROSSWORD PUZZLE



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SAILINGS TO

"SHIANTUNG" Haliphong, Hollow & Tsimkong 10 a.m. 17th June
"SIENGKING" Singapore 4 p.m. 17th June
"NINGHAI" Singapore & Penang 4 p.m. 18th June
"HUNAN" Swatow & Bangkok 3 p.m. 19th June
"TSINAN" Singapore, Batavia, Sourabaya & Macassar NOON 20th June
"FUKIEN" Singapore 21st June
ARRIVALS FROM

"TSINAN" Swatow, a.m. 18th June
"KWEIYANG" Bangkok, Saigon & Swatow 10th June
"FOOCHEW" Kobe, & Takao 21st June
"FEWCHUONG" Singapore 21st June
"FUKIEN" Shanghai & Keeling 23rd June

CANTON RIVER LINE

"WUSUEH" Arrives 5 p.m. 15th June
Sails 6 a.m. 17th June
"FATSHAN" Arrives 5 p.m. 17th June
Sails 9 a.m. 19th June

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

U.K. SERVICE

Arrivals from

"BELLEROPHON" U.K. via Straits 22nd June
"ARCHEON" U.K. via Straits —do—
"ANCHISES" —do—

Sailings to

"STENTOR" Genoa, Marseilles, Havre, Liverpool, Glasgow via Port Said 17th June

NEW YORK SERVICE

Arrivals from

"ADRASTUS" U.S.A. via Manila 18th June

Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

Sailings to

"YUNNAN" Sydney & Melbourne 23rd June

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Pacific Coast	15th July	mv. "BATAAN"

ARRIVALS

From	Date	Vessel
Manila	IN PORT	S.S. "HALEAKALA"
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	Early July	mv. "DONA AURORA"

SAILINGS

For	Date	Vessel
Shanghai	16th June	S.S. "HALEAKALA"
Atlantic Coast via Los Angeles	Early July	mv. "DONA AURORA"

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ARRIVALS

SHIP	FROM	DUE
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S.S. "SAMCLEVE"	—	Late June

SAILINGS

SHIP	LOADS FOR	READY
E.S. "SAMDAUNLESS"	London, Antwerp, Rotterdam & Leith.	Mid June

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M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK" Aug. 22

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M.S. "LAURA MAERSK" July 3
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BRITISH SPORT HAS HIT BOTTOM THIS MONTH

(From Vernon Morgan, Reuters Sports Editor).

British sport hit the bottom this month when French horses won the Derby and the Oaks, an unranked American boxer knocked out the British light-heavyweight champion, Britain lost another golf trophy—the Women's Championship—to the United States, and received virtual defeat at her own game of cricket in the Test Match against South Africa.

Earlier in the year an Irish horse had run away with the Grand National, American golfers had won the Walker Cup, South Africa had eliminated Great Britain from the Davis Cup, and in another of England's "own games"—Soccer—she had suffered defeat at the hands of Switzerland.

This string of defeats has become a general topic of conversation even among those who are not very sports-minded.

There are those who take the whole matter very seriously, who think that it is time we gave up sports against rival nations which are always beating us because the prestige of the whole nation is being lowered in the eyes of the world, who think the day of defeat must be considered over and that we should go into training for the time when we can feel reasonably confident of success.

"Others" say the day never comes when we can be sure whether we win or lose; that we should never allow anything to spoil the old British motto of "the game's the thing". And there are those who deplore strongly attempts to make defeat a ports a national disaster.

Serious Pitch
The two parties are diametrically opposed and there is much argument in pubs and clubs, wherever the public congregate, as to what attitude is the better to adopt.

One bears on all sides such remarks as: "At any rate we can still win the Boat Race", said with much sureness about this all-British event between England's two big universities, Oxford and Cambridge.

One even hears clergymen in trains, murmuring: "I wonder what will happen next?" They might be talking about serious national trouble; but one clergyman was found to be referring to England's batsmen being skittled out by the South Africans.

People are asking themselves quite seriously should they bother about these heavy sporting defeats or should they take them philosophically with a shrug of the shoulders. Let us examine both sides of this problem, which has reached a quite serious pitch.

Extremes are bad at anything, and the majority of British sportsmen, while greatly disappointed that they cannot do better, feel that the real answer is to try and discover the reasons for this bad sports slump and try to improve matters so that they can prove this setback is only temporary.

Revival Will Come
The meeting also served a useful purpose in disclosing that the Soviet Union will almost certainly be taking part in the next Olympiad. It enabled the President, Lord Burghley to declare openly that Britain wanted Soviet athletes at the Olympiad and that the IAAF were prepared to overlook the fact that her payment of athletes for victories transgressed the amateur rules, on the ground that it was done unwittingly.

This statement was welcomed by the chief reason for Britain's present difficulties in Egypt was the opinion in Egypt today that Britain was no longer a great Power.—Reuter.

Soviet Entries
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Thirdly, when the new generation has had time to become efficient, for at the present British prestige has inevitably to be upheld by men who, if not in the veteran class, are past their prime. Because of the eight-year gap of the war they are carrying on until younger men can take over.

One might add that a revival will not come until Britons learn the lessons of defeat, but one can truthfully say that in many cases the lessons have been

TERRORISTS
IN MACAO

Macao, June 15.
A number of threatening letters have been distributed to wealthy residents here, demanding various sums of money.

The letters are similar in nature to those sent out in Hong Kong recently by the so-called "Overseas Youth Movement". No incidents have yet occurred.—United Press.

Bevin To
Visit
Bidaul

London, June 14.
The Foreign Office tonight made the following announcement on the visit of the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, to Paris early next week to discuss with M. Paul Ramadier, French Premier, and M. Georges Bidault, French Foreign Minister, the American plan for European economic recovery.

"The Foreign Secretary intends to visit Paris early this coming week in order to discuss personally with the Prime Minister and Foreign Minister of France the new American approach to Europe.

"The British Government is especially mindful of the part which France can play in the economic reconstruction of Europe and has decided to take the initiative in exploring with her in the first instance the best means of following up the American plan."—Reuter.

In the meantime, among rival nations the United States at least appreciates Britain's difficulties, judging by comment in the New York Daily Mirror in the column of the well-known sport writer, Dan Parker.

Warning Americans against gloating too much over their successes in Great Britain, he says: "This would ill become a nation that was practically untouched by the ravages of war and is a land of plenty. The British are tired, undernourished and dispirited people after what they have gone through, and are still putting up with more."

There is truth in what he says, but he is wrong in thinking that the British are dispirited. The will to win is still there. Last week's meeting of the International Amateur Athletic Federation, if achieving nothing in the way of special payment to needy amateur athletes at least discloses that the United States is determined to prevent at all costs any broken time payment, and the speech by her delegate, Mr. Avery Brundage, saying that this thorny problem should be left until after next year's Olympic Games in London, meant that at least one more Olympiad will take place under the old amateur rules.

That is the legal position, but there were some cynics who remarked: "This just means that athletes will be paid as before." Unhappily, there is something in this remark and it is a strong point in favour of those who advocate broken time that this would mean that athletes would get paid openly and not secretly as would appear to be the case at present.

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**Italy Peace Pact
To Be Altered?**

Washington, June 14.
President Truman today expressed his belief that the terms of the Italian peace treaty could be altered in future through the action of the United Nations "as may be required."

In a statement issued when he signed the ratification of the Italian peace treaty and the peace treaties with Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria, the President declared that certain terms of the treaty with Italy "are not in full accord with our desires" and stated that, "within the framework of the United Nations, it should be possible to secure such changes in the treaty clauses as

may be required in the light of future experience."

President Truman added: "With the ratification of the treaty of peace with Italy, we bring to a close an unhappy chapter in Italian-American relations. At the same time, we mark the beginning of a new era for Italy, to which the Italian people can look with hope, and confidence."

The President paid a warm tribute to the contribution of the Italian armed forces and the Italian people to the ultimate victory over Fascism and Nazism.

"The common sacrifice has strengthened a deep and lasting friendship between our two peoples."

"More than this, Americans

have the satisfaction of standing

at the side of Italy while the

people, through adversity, are

rebuilding with their own labour's

a new democracy and restoring

their lost freedom."

President Truman gave a pledge that the American people would continue to stand side by side with the Italians.

The statement made no reference to the other three treaties signed at the same time.—Reuter.

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SAILINGS

S.S. "MAUSANG" to Shanghai 4 p.m. 15th June
S.S. "ESANG" to Saigon, Singapore, Penang & Calcutta 4 p.m. 17th June
S.S. "WINGSANG" to Shanghai noon 20th June
S.S. "HINSANG" to Sandakan 27th June
S.S. "TAKSANG" to Shanghai, Kobe (Japan) 26th June

ARRIVALS

S.S. "EOKSANG" from Sandakan 22nd June
S.S. "TINGSANG" from Tientsin 23rd June
S.S. "HINSANG" from Shanghai 23rd June
S.S. "TAKSANG" from Straits & Calcutta 25th June

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M.V. "DENBIGHSHIRE" Due Hong Kong from London via Straits 22nd June.

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S.S. "HANGSANG" Due from Sydney & Saigon 15th June Discharges Kowloon Wharf No. 2.

M.V. "HINDUSTAN" Now loading at Brishen for Shanghai and Hongkong Due Early July.

M.V. "KAFIRISTAN" Now loading at Fremantle for Saigon and Hongkong,

Liverpool Win The Championship

London, June 14. For the fifth time in their history Liverpool have won the English Football League Championship. Surprisingly knocked out of the Cup semi-final by Burnley, they enjoyed a magnificent run until May 31, when their League programme finished, but had to wait a fortnight to the last Saturday of this prolonged season to celebrate their success.

Before today's vital match between Stoke City and Sheffield United, Liverpool could not have been very confident, for Stoke in winning vein were hailed as "certainties" to gain two points at Sheffield, which would have given them the Championship instead.

Phalanx Wins Again

New York, June 14. Phalanx won the \$50,000 Dwyer Stakes at Aqueduct Park today. The C. V. Whitney three-year-old, based out the King Ranch filly But Why Not to score its third stakes victory of the year.

The beaten favourite of the Kentucky Derby and the Breakers took the lead at the top of the unusually long Aqueduct stretch, but had to be driven all-out to win a photo-finish decision from the hard charging But Why Not, which was the only filly in the field of nine in the mile and a quarter run.

Phalanx was checked at 2:05:3, which is 4.2 off the track record.—United Press.

TENNIS

London, June 15. British tennis stars won a two-day international match against Switzerland at Wimbledom on Saturday by 13 matches to two. Britain gained a 6-2 lead on Friday and swept up all seven singles and doubles games played Saturday evening after a long hold up through rain.

Tony Mottman beat Switzerland's number one player, José Spiteri 6-1, 8-10, 8-6 and 17-year-old boy Philippin Paddy Roberts beat G. Grange 9-7, 6-0.—Associated Press.

Kent

Berkenham, June 15. The Indian pair, Ghans Mohammed and R.I. Ahmed, were beaten in the men's doubles final of the Kent Lawn Tennis Championships here today by Bill Sidwell of Australia and R.S. McKenzie of New Zealand by 6-3, 6-4.

Ahmed, partnered by Mrs. E.W. Dawson-Scott of England, won the mixed doubles title, beating Harold Walton and Miss J.W.K. Stark of Great Britain by 7-5, 6-2 in the final.

The men's singles final was won by Bill Sidwell, who beat Torsten Johansson of Sweden by 6-2, 10-8.

Rain delayed the start of play by four and a half hours.—Reuter.

RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2.00 p.m., and 6.30 to 11.00 p.m., and also on 9.02 megacycles in the 31-metre band from 12.30 to 1.15, 7.30 to 8.30 and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m.

H.R.T. 12.30 p.m.—Daily Programmes Summary. 12.32 p.m.—"World Newsline." 12.41 p.m.—"Down Holiday Way."

12.46 p.m.—News, Weather, Report, and Announcements.

1.15 p.m.—Orchestra Interlude.

1.15 p.m.—Hillside and Denny Denning Sing for you.

1.30 p.m.—BBC Transcription Service "Music and Dance" Rev. Leo Poldi and His Players.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

6.30 p.m.—Studio "Cafe in Vienna" Presented by Radio Entertainment Unit. H.M.S. "Camps."

7.15 p.m.—BBC Transcription Service "Elegia's "Wand of Youth," London Symphony Orch. Conducted by Sir Edward Elgar.

7.30 p.m.—Studio "I Like What I Like" Presented by George Lobb.

8.00 p.m.—London Relay: World News.

8.10 p.m.—London Relay: Home News from Britain.

8.15 p.m.—"The Gay Nineties."

8.30 p.m.—The Allan Heath Orchestra.

8.00 p.m.—BBC Transcription Service "Music and Dance" Rev. Leo Poldi and His Players.

9.00 p.m.—Close Down.

10.00 p.m.—London Relay: News.

10.11 p.m.—"Something for Everybody."

Music for All Tastes.

11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

HOW THEY STAND

First Division

P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Liverpool	42	26	7	10	84	62
Wolves	42	25	6	12	84	61
Manchester U.	42	23	8	12	86	61
Stoke	42	24	7	11	86	61
Blackpool	42	22	8	14	89	60
Preston	42	20	7	15	89	59
Ashton Villa	42	18	6	16	87	58
Walsall	42	18	6	16	85	57
Midland	42	17	6	17	73	56
Everton	42	18	6	16	86	56
Derby	42	19	6	15	73	56
Chelsea	42	16	7	13	89	55
Portsmouth	42	16	7	13	85	55
Grimsby	42	13	12	11	61	52
Charlton	42	11	12	10	67	51
Huddersfield	42	13	7	22	63	50
Brondford	42	9	7	25	45	48
Leeds	42	6	6	30	44	46

Second Division

P.	W.	D.	L.	F.	A.	Pts.
Manchester C.	42	26	10	12	76	52
Derby	42	25	6	12	84	51
Walsall	42	25	6	12	84	51
Southport	42	18	13	11	64	50
St. John's	42	20	8	15	85	49
Cottingham	42	16	13	13	60	49
Leicester	42	18	14	10	70	49
Harrow	42	17	8	17	70	48
West Ham	42	17	7	18	70	47
Newcastle	42	19	10	12	70	47
Southampton	42	16	10	12	70	46
Exeter	42	16	10	12	64	47
Leeds	42	16	11	11	70	45
Millwall	42	16	9	16	68	45
Tunbury	42	16	12	13	62	41
Reading	42	16	10	12	62	41
Bristol R.	42	16	8	17	69	40
Northampton	42	16	10	12	72	40
Exeter	42	16	10	12	69	39
Watford	42	17	6	16	61	39
Notts County	42	16	10	12	66	38
Southend	42	16	12	10	66	37
Walsall	42	16	12	10	65	36
Millwall	42	16	9	16	65	34
Leeds	42	16	12	13	62	34
Reading	42	16	10	12	62	32
Bristol R.	42	16	8	17	69	32
Northampton	42	16	10	12	72	32
Exeter	42	16	10	12	69	31
Watford	42	17	6	16	61	31
Notts County	42	16	10	12	66	30
Southend	42	16	12	10	66	30
Walsall	42	16	9	16	65	30
Leeds	42	16	12	13	62	30
Reading	42	16	10	12	62	30
Bristol R.	42	16	8	17	69	30
Northampton	42	16	10	12	72	30
Exeter	42	16	10	12	69	30
Watford	42	17	6	16	61	30
Notts County	42	16	10	12	66	29
Southend	42	16	12	10	66	29
Walsall	42	16	9	16	65	29
Leeds	42	16	12	13	62	29
Reading	42	16	10	12	62	29
Bristol R.	42	16	8	17	69	29
Northampton	42	16	10	12	72	29
Exeter	42	16	10	12	69	29
Watford	42	17	6	16	61	29
Notts County	42	16	10	12	66	28
Southend	42	16	12	10	66	28
Walsall	42	16	9	16	65	28
Leeds	42	16	12	13	62	28
Reading	42	16	10	12	62	28
Bristol R.	42	16	8	17	69	28
Northampton	42	16	10	12	72	28
Exeter	42	16	10	12	69	28
Watford	42	17	6	16	61	28
Notts County	42	16	10	12	66	27
Southend	42	16	12	10	66	27
Walsall	42	16	9	16	65	27
Leeds	42	16	12	13	62	27
Reading	42	16	10	12	62	27
Bristol R.	42	16	8	17	69	27
Northampton	42	16	10	12	72	27
Exeter	42	16	10	12	69	27
Watford	42	17	6	16	61	27
Notts County	42	16	10	12	66	26
Southend	42	16	12	10	66	26
Walsall	42	16	9	16	65	